with the Indian people in Florida through letters to the authorities who are responsible for providing immediate solutions to these problems."

The second ONIC press release concerns the murder of Indian activist Luis Antonio

Perez Sánchez in the department of Meta, southeast of Bogota:

"ONIC condemns before national and international public opinion the assassination of compañero Luis Antonio Perez Sanchez, who worked since 1972 with UNAMA, the organization of the Sikuani and Piapocos peoples in eastern Colombia. His primary work was developing a program of Indian education which beginning in January, 1986, will include a boarding school run by UNAMA.

"Luis' defense of Indian rights created many enemies for him and many difficulties in his life. At 12:45 a.m. on Sept. 25 he was shot in the back while visiting two women who witnessed his death. A member of the House of Representatives stated publicly in the departmental legislature in Villavicencio [capital of the department of Meta] that Luis had traveled to Villavicencio three days earlier solely for the purpose of informing the authorities that he had received a death threat from Luis Calistro Rondon Alvis, the mayor of Puerto Gaitán, who stated, 'I'm not leaving Puerto Gaitán until I've killed someone.'

"Luis had also been threatened several times by the parish priest of Puerto Gaitán, who had said to Indian people at various times that he wants to take over the local Indian center. In February of this year the Indian center was burned along with four nearby houses that had been constructed by the Indian community."



ECUADOR

Survival International (29 Craven Street, London WC2N 5NT, England) has sent the following urgent action bulletin:

"The invasion of Indian lands in Ecuadorian Amazonia has accelerated dramatically over recent months. In spite of the serious damage it is causing to the environment, the government is actively promoting oil palm cultivation on a massive scale, with financial backing from Belgium, Britain, and Germany. It has manipulated the use of conservation zones for its own commercial ends, and Indians are now being pushed off the lands they have lived on for centuries. In an attempt to resist this invasion, the Indians recently killed a colonist in a conflict over land."

In September the Confederation of Indian Nations in the Ecuadorian Amazon, which represents the Shuar, Quichua, Cofan, Secoya, Siona, and Huaorani Indian nations, published *Palma Africana y Etnocidio*, which gives a detailed account of the effects of the spread of oil palm cultivation. For a copy, send a minimum donation of \$5 to CONFENIAE, Av. 6 de Diciembre 159 y Pazmino, Oficina 408, Casilla 4180, Quito, Ecuador.